



Lighting Council
AUSTRALIA

Lighting Council Australia

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Creative Lighting Guide

Introduction

Impressive lighting enhances the beauty of buildings and maximises value. It is also functional, productive, sustainable, relaxing, interesting, and welcoming.

Lighting should be an early and considered part of a complete home or building design. Talk with your lighting supplier and electrician about your ideas.

Those seeking highly refined lighting designs should contact a professional lighting designer.

The human response to light

Light is known to have visual, emotional, and biological effects on humans. The arrangement of lighting is important to the use of a particular space and the mood to be created.

Lighting designer Richard Kelly took lighting design to new heights in the 1950s and his concepts are still valid today. Kelly's three tenets of lighting design are as follows:

“Focal glow” highlights important elements. It draws attention and separates the important from the unimportant by using more light in important areas.

“Ambient luminescence” is light that “produces shadowless illumination”. It is not possible to tell the source of light and no areas appear brighter or darker than others.

“Play of brilliants” is described by Kelly as “Times Square at night, crystal chandeliers and candlelight in a ball room, sunlight on a fountain, a cache of diamonds in a cave. Play of brilliants excites the optic nerves, awakens curiosity, sharpens the wit, and stimulates the body and spirit.”

Kelly used a combination of these three kinds of light to great effect.

Creative lighting considerations

The first step in effective lighting design is to consider:

- How the different spaces will be used? E.g. Relaxation, movement, task areas, etc.
- What features are to be highlighted? E.g. Architectural, art, landscape, etc.
- The paths through and around the home or building that people will take.

Architectural and decorative lighting

- Architectural and decorative lighting creates a mood and adds interest by highlighting art objects or architectural features using light - e.g. Grazing light across textured walls.
- Use spotlights, pendant lighting, chandeliers and wall mounted fittings for their decorative/architectural effect.
- The light fittings themselves can be the artistic piece on display. Higher ceiling heights or stairwells are needed for pendant fittings.
- Highlight points of interest and beauty. Objects and areas that are important should receive more light compared with unimportant areas.

Relaxing and interesting lighting

- Non-uniform lighting and lower lighting levels encourage relaxation and creates interest. More rational and agreeable decisions are made in lower light levels.
- Light and shade are equally important. However, avoid very high brightness/darkness contrast – balance is needed.
- Use dimmable fittings/lamps and dimmers to reduce light levels and balance lighting elements.
- Consider some use of narrower beam angle fittings (rather than wide beam angle fittings) to provide areas of light and shade. Such fittings can have the added benefit of reducing glare.
- Use indirect lighting to reduce glare and shadowing. Indirect lighting bounces light off walls and ceilings. E.g. LED strip lighting in ceiling coves, under cupboards, behind mirrors etc. Up-lighting and wall wash lighting are other examples of indirect lighting.

Task and Functional lighting

Task areas such as bathrooms, mirrors, kitchen benches, work desks, reading zones, hobby areas, dining tables, storerooms, cupboards, wardrobes, etc. should have specific task lighting. Consider the surfaces to be lit and placement of fittings to avoid shadowing work areas.

Relatively high levels of task lighting at workstations increases alertness and productivity. Low glare, lower illuminance level lighting outside work surfaces will save energy and increase the perception that task areas are brightly lit.

Lighting for movement:

Brighter areas have an attractive effect. Use light to guide people into, through and around buildings.

Light stairs, ramps, doorways, paths and corridors for guidance and safety. Avoid hard shadows at hazard points. Use light to catch attention. 20 lux is regarded as the minimum illuminance level for safe movement. Higher levels will be required for ageing eyes.

Australian standard recommended light levels

AS/NZS 1680.1 *Interior Lighting* includes recommended lighting levels for various tasks.

Area	Recommended Illuminance Level (lux)
Corridors, walkways, hallways	40
Lounge room, bed rooms, garages	160
Kitchen bench, dining tables	240
Work desks, reading areas	320-400
Hobby areas	600+

Comfort and energy considerations

Separately switch or dim individual or small groups of lights to provide comfort and control.

Quality LED fittings and lamps are widely available and use lower amounts of energy compared to traditional light sources.

Examples

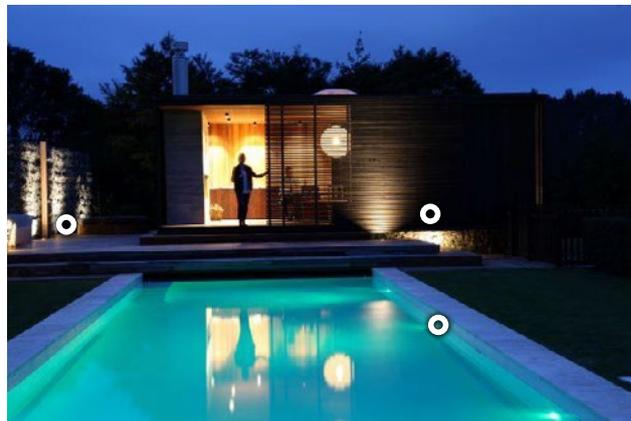
The examples below show layers of different lighting that can be used to create relaxation, function, interest, attraction, and appeal. These are effective ways to increase the visual and emotional appeal of lit spaces.



Downlight and pendant fixtures provide general and task illumination.

LED strip lighting is used to accentuate architectural features and increase visual interest.

Image courtesy of Pierlite



Fixtures rated for use outdoors are resistant to water and dust. Here they are used to 'up-light' landscape features (textured surfaces), beautify the pool and assist with wayfinding at night.

Image courtesy of Zumtobel Lighting



A linear lighting fixture provides task illumination over the dining table. Up lighting around the perimeter of the room is used to graze/wash the walls with light to highlight the wall texture and fill the room with gentle diffuse light.

Image courtesy of LOWA lighting



Image featuring linear up/down pendant lighting.

The up component uses RGB for colour tuning – Red in this case to reflect the store branding.

Image courtesy of LOWA lighting



This bathroom uses down lights to provide general and task illumination, diffuse wall lights to light faces while using the mirrors and LED strip behind the mirrors to create visual interest.

Image courtesy of Azoogi Lighting



Apartment lighting featuring:

- Exterior up/down wall lighting.
- Downlights
- LED strip lighting
- Sculpture backlight
- RGB pool lighting (blue shown)

Image courtesy of Azoogi Lighting



Spot lighting provides specific illumination over the dining table. Narrow beam downlights draw attention to the artwork and LED strip lighting is used to increase visual interest.

Image courtesy of Zumtobel Lighting



A variety of lighting creates a relaxed atmosphere in this bedroom.

Spot lighting draws attention to artwork. Portable, bed-side lamps provide diffused general lighting and LED strip lighting beneath the bed creates mood and interest.

Image courtesy of Pierlite



Bathroom image featuring:

- 'IP' rated downlights in wet areas.
- Narrow beam downlights
- LED strip lighting

Image courtesy of Zumtobel Lighting

Safety Standards and Regulations

Lighting equipment must comply with Australian regulations and standards. However, no checks are conducted at the border and non-compliant lights are regularly found in the Australian market.

Low quality and non-compliant LEDs may be unsafe, cause TV and radio interference, not provide sufficient light, flicker, change colour over time, fail prematurely, or not fit into an existing fitting.

Consumers are advised to purchase products from reputable companies, authorised distributors, authorised professional suppliers, and registered professionals.

Most lighting products are required to be marked with the regulatory compliance mark.



Lighting Council Australia

Lighting Council Australia is the peak body for Australia's lighting industry. Our goal is to encourage the use of quality, environmentally appropriate, energy efficient lighting systems.

Lighting Council Australia members agree to abide by a Code of Conduct and supply products that comply with Australian standards and regulations. Lighting Council Australia Members are reputable manufacturers and suppliers whose claims are based on rigorous testing and are reliable.

To access the full list of Lighting Council Australia Members and view the range of lighting brands please visit: www.lightingcouncil.com.au/member_list/